Knowledge Organiser Year 2 Art: Going on Safari Concept Colour

Key Vocabulary	
Primary Colours	All other colours are made from these. They cannot be made by mixing other colours. Red, blue and yellow are primary colours.
Secondary colours	A colour made by mixing two primary colours. Red and yellow = orange Red and blue = purple Yellow and blue = green
Shade	To make a shade you add black which darkens the colour.
Tint	To tint a colour you add white which makes the colour lighter.
Safari	A trip to watch, photograph, or hunt wild animals in their natural environment:



This is artwork of safari animals but using different colours and shades.



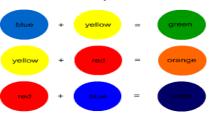
Colour Wheel



Primary Colours



Secondary Colours



Knowledge Organiser Year 2 Science: Animals including humans: basic needs Concept: Evolution, Ecosystems

Key Vocabulary		
oxygen	A colourless, odourless gas	
shelter	Provides safety from weather and predators	
reproduce	Have offspring/babies	
herbivore	Eats plants	
carnivore	Eats other animals	
omnivore	Eats plants and animals	

Basic Needs of Animals

Water

- Many animals drink to water to survive.
- Some animals get their water from oxygen.



Food

 Animals use food to get the energy and nutrients that they need.

Shelter

-Examples are: burrows, nests and dens.

Oxygen

-All animals, including humans need oxygen to live.



-Oxygen exists in the air, in the soil,

Temperature

-Sunlight and heat are vitally important to all animals. This gives animals the energy that they need.



Animal Life Stages

birth growth reproduce death

and even in the water.

All animals reproduce.

-For example, mammals give birth to live young, whilst fish lay eggs.

What we already Know Knowledge Organiser Year 2 Geography: Going on Safari Climate: Weather that is typical of a place. Ocean: One of the five very large areas of salt water on Concept: Physical and Human Geography the Earth's surface. Continent: A very large area of land that consists of many countries. Country: An area of land that is controlled by its own government There are seven continents: Europe, Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Australia Shop shop (also known as Australasia and Oceania) There are five oceans: Pacific Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Indian Ocean, Southern Ocean, Arctic Ocean Europe and

land that have been impacted by human activity North Asia **America** Atlantic Physical Ocean Geography The UK and Pacific South Indian natural Ocean America Ocean features Australia Atlantic of land Ocean also known as vegetation Australasia or Oceania Southern Ocean Dwww.countries-affine-world.com Antarctica

UK Kenya

The United Kingdom is in Europe London is the capital city of the UK.

Africa are

continents.

Kenya are

countries.

Made of

villages,

cities.

towns and

Famous buildings such as Big Ben, the London Eye, the Houses of Parliament, Buckingham Palace, Tower Bridge. This means that there are lots of tourists.

Many houses, shops, offices, apartments and roads



Many skyscrapers



Kenya is in Africa.

Kenya is much larger than the UK.

Kenya and the UK have different climates. This means that the weather is generally different. Nairobi is the capital city of Kenya. The largest national park in Kenya is called the Maasai Mara Its animals include lions, cheetahs, elephants, zebras and hippos. It is a three hour drive away from Nairobi.

Human

features of

Geography

RE Knowledge Organiser Year 2: Islam – Who is a Muslim and how do they live?

Concept: Identity and Community)

Vocabulary

Allah – is the word for God in Arabic not a name.

Tawhid - only one God

Iman - means belief

Shahadah – is one of the 5 Pillars. An expression of faith

Muhammad – last prophet

PBOH – (Peace be upon him) said after Muhammed's name

Qu'ran - Holy Book

Ibadah - worship



